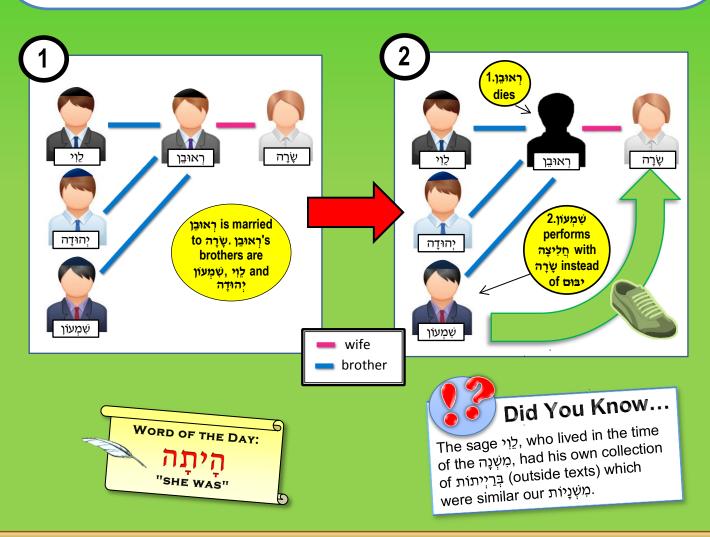
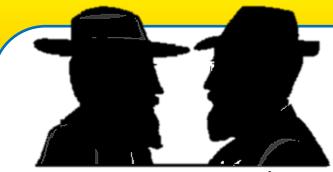


The גְּמָרָא discusses what would happen if a living brother decides to do חֲלִיצָה with his dead brother's wife...and then decides to marry her.

Normally, one receives בָּרֵת, early death, for marrying his brother's wife. Therefore, according to רֵישׁ לָקִישׁ, if there are other living brothers besides the one who performed חֲלִיצָה, they would receive חֲלִיצָה if they would marry their dead brother's sister.

When it comes to the brother who performed רֵישׁ לָקִישׁ, חֲלִיצָה says that even though he would violate a Torah commandment, he would not receive רַבִּי יוֹחָנֶן. פָּרֵת on the other hand says the punishment would no longer apply neither to the brother who performed חֵלִיצַה, nor to the other brothers. See the diagrams below for an illustration of this case.





A Matter of npibnp

When one brother in a group of brothers performs רֵישׁ , חֲלִיצָה and רֵישׁ לָקִישׁ מוֹsagree about the punishment the other brothers would receive

if they were to marry their dead brother's widow (see pg.27).

קָרֵת says they would receive בָּרֵת, the early death penalty since that is the standard punishment for someone who marries his brother's wife. If the brother who performed חֲלִיצָה on the widow would now marry her, he would be violating a Torah commandment but would not receive בָּרֵת. This is because the Torah says, once he performs 'לְא יִבְנֶה" חֲלִיצָה "he will never build" his brother's house again. רֵישׁ לָקִישׁ says this means he is not allowed to build his brother's house ever again by marrying his brother's widow. If he does, he violates a Torah commandment.

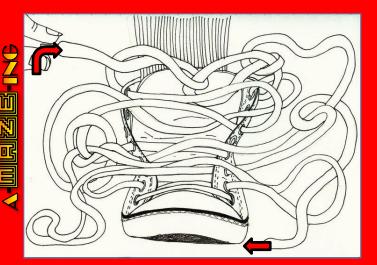
בישׁ לָקִישׁ says no one, not even the other brothers, receives בְּרֵת says no one, not even the other brothers, receives בְּרֵת says no one, not even the others, receives בְּרֵת was like an *agent* working on behalf of all the brothers so they would not have to perform בְּלִיצָּה All the brothers are just like the one who performed בְּרֵת; Just like *he* would not receive בְּרֵת for marrying the widow, neither would any of the brothers.

Nadav was thirsty.
Seeing the empty
water pitcher on the
table, he went to fill it
up.

"Thanks, Nadav," a classmate at his table said. "Whenever I'm thirsty, I just wait for someone else to fill up the pitcher so I don't have to."

"Well," laughed Naday, "I learned something in daf *yomi*. If a brother performs חֲלִיצָה, then if he or any of his brothers marry their dead brother's widow they do not receive ברת, but rather a lesser penalty. By acting as a messenger, the brother who performed חַלִּיצַה saves all his other brothers from receiving a stricter punishment. Sometimes by doing something that helps ourselves, we can also save other people from going through a whole bunch of trouble. "

Games



Review Questions – 'יַבַמוֹת דַּף י'

- 1. What punishment would one normally receive for marrying his brother's wife?
- 2. What does יַישׁ לָקִישׁ learn from the expression, " לא learn from the expression, " לא "?
- 3. What did לֵנִי compile?